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NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gathered from All Quarters.

CONCRESS.

In the Senate on the 14th the Financial bill was taken up in Committee of the Whole and the Stewart amendment in favor of free coinage was adopted—yeas 42, nays 30. After some hours' discussion, during which amendments hours' discussion, during which amendments striking out the section authorizing the issue of bonds, that providing for the immediate purchase of 12,000,000 ounces of silver, and that concerning the security bonds of the National banks were stricken out, the bill was reported to the Senate and the amendments made in Committee of the Whole were agreed to. Then Mr. Vest aston-ished the Senate by bringing forward as a substitute for the bill a purely free coinage bill which provides that the unit of value in the United States shall be the dollar, to be coined of 412% grains of standard silver. The substitute was agreed to without division. Hoar moved to call up the Elections bill and make it unfinished business for the 15th. Agreed to—yeas 34, mays 23, the Vice President agreed to-years at, mays at the vice fresucat casting the deciding vote. The Senate then ad-journed... The House passed the Army Ap-propriation bill amended so as to provide that land grant railroads shall receive for army transportation but fifty per cent of the price paid to them by private parties for similar serv ice. Pending debate on the District of Colum-bia Appropriation bill the House adjourned. AFTER routine business in the Senate on the

15th the Elections bill was taken up and Mr. Evarts made a lengthy speech in its advocacy Mr. Hoar gave notice that at noon on the 16th he would ask the Senate to remain in session until the disposal of the bill. The Senate then went into executive session and soon afterwards adjourned... In the House a message from the Senate was received announcing the passage of the Financial bill with a free coinage substitute. The bill was referred to the Committee on Colpage Weights and Messuess. The Speaker Mr. Hoar gave notice that at noon on the 16th Coinage, Weights and Measures. The Speaker announced the appointment of the following committee to investigate the silver pool question: Messrs. Dingley, Payne, Rowell, Dock ry and Cates. Mr. Dockery was subsequently excused and Mr. Peel, of Arkansas, appointed to fill the vacancy. The District of Columbia Appropriation bill was taken up in Committee of the Whole, and after remarks by Mr. Clements commending its provisions, the House adjusted.

In the Senate on the 15th supplemental petitions against the passage of the Elections bill were presented from the States of Arkansas, California, Delaware, Georgia, Maryland, Missouri, North Carolina, New Jersey, New York, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Vir-ginia, and West Virginia, embracing over 8,000 signatures. Senate bill appropriating \$1.873. 600 for the early completion of the work for the improvement of the mouth of the Columbia river, Oregon, and \$815,000 for the early completion of the canais and locks at the Cas-cades of the Columbia river. Oregon, was taken from the calendar and passed. The Elections bill was taken up as "unfinished busi ness," and Mr. Pascoe spoke at length in op-position to the bill. Messrs. Hampton and Reagan also spoke against the bill and Mr. Dixon in its favor. A motion to adjourn was defeated by a vote of 32 to 27, and at two a. m. of the 17th the Senate was still in session pend-ing action on an amendment to the bill offered by Mr. Faulkner....The House adopted a reso-lution giving the silver pool committee leave to sit during the session of the House and granting it power to conduct the investigation outside of Washington. In Committee of the Whole the Dis rict of Columbia Appropria-tion bill was considered. The discussion took a wide range. Mr. Rogers, of Arkansas, spoke on the Free Coinage bill. Mr. Shively, of Indiana, argued in opposition to the Shipping bill, and Mr. Langston made a speech in favor of the Elections bill. At its evening session the House passed a bill granting a pension of E0 a month to Get. ral Franz Sigel and one granting a pension a of \$100 month t . General N. P. Banks.

In the Senate on the 17th the hours between

eg held the foor twelve hours. Mr. cllowed in a ong speech age nat the . Several amendments to be bill Lured and rejected and a few mimpor "ant or sw" agreed to. The bill was then
to daside informally, and a resolution was
agreed to calling on the Secretary of the
Treasury for copies of the acts of John I. Davenport as Circuit Court Commissioner from 1886 port as Circuit Court Commissioner from 1886, to 1860. The Senate then adjourned until the 19th, after a continuous session of thirty hours The House spent the day in Committee of the Whole on the District of Columbia Appropriation bill. A long discussion foreign to the hill before the committee was indulged in. With-ont action on the bill, the committee rose and the House adjourned.

In the Senate on the 19th an hour and a half was consumed in discussing a point of order raised by Mr. Gorman, taking issue with the Vice President's recent ruling to the effect that an appeal from a decision of the Chair on a non-debatable question was itself not debata-ible. The matter was finally dropped, and after the introduction of a number of bills the Elections bill was taken up and Mr. George addressed the Senate in opposition to the measure. Without concluding his remarks, Mr. George yielded to a motion for an execu-tive session and the Senate soon adjourned.... In the House the Democrats resorted to dila the House the Democrats resorted to dilatory tactics over the approval of the journal and most of the session was consumed in this manner. Finally the journal was approved years 137 junys 101. The Senate bill for the relief of Surah Perrine was passed. The Speaker appointed Mr. Geary, of California, member of the Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads, and the House adjourned.

DOMESTIC.

THE United States Glass Company otherwise known in the trade is the glass tableware trust, has applied for a charter in Pennsylvania. There are some twelve leading firms in the combine, and the others will probably soon be in. The central office of the association will be located in Pittsburgh.

Ar Tipton, Ind., on the 17th William Nair, a laborer, fatally shot his wife and then himself. The tragedy was the

result of jealousy. Job Southwick, ex-Assemblyman of North Collins, Erie County, N. Y., has been missing from his home some time and is reported to be over \$20,000 short in trust funds and personal obligations. He has recently been gambli g heavily in oil, and is thought to h ve suicided.

An order has been issued to the employes of the Cambria (Pa.) Iron Company stating that on February 1 their wages will be reduced ten per cent. This reduction includes 5,000 men from iron workers to miners in the employ of the company.

BLODGETT & OSGOOD'S planing mill at St. Paul, Minn., was totally destroyed by fire on the 17th. Loss, \$200,000; insurance, \$75,000.

Business men at Emmetsburg and other points in Iowa on the St. Paul road have signed a paper agreeing to give no business to the St. Paul road until the operators' wages are restored. Large contributions are being made to aid the operators.

BETWEEN 400 and 500 pounds of opium, valued at \$5,000, was seized at Oakland, Cal., on the 17th while being taken aboard the ferryb at for San Francisco.

An additional shortage of \$80,000 has been discovered in the trust funds held by Attorney John C. Hall, San Francisco. The loss of this amount falls upon Mrs. M. A. Baldwin, whose estate

was in Hall's charge.

At Appleton, Wis., recently, a party of ten young people were coasting down a steep incline and across a bridge. The sled suddenly veered on the bridge and ran into the railing, which gave way, and the party was hurled into the river below. Emma Adsit was instantly killed and Mary Carey and Jay Briggs were drowned.

FLEMING & HAMILTON'S tin warehouse at Pittsburgh was damaged by fire on the 17th to the extent of \$35,000.

An explosion in the Crescent Brewery at Aurora, Ind., on the 17th killed two men and seriously wounded four others

THE loss by the burning of Dobson's carpet mills, near Philadelphia, recently, is estimated at between \$1,250,-000 and \$1,750,000. On this there is an insurance of \$1,000,000, placed in four hundred different companies in this A DISPATCH of the 19th from San hundred different companies in this country and England.

LEONARD PERRIN, the New London and disposing of money stolen from the Iron Exchange Bank, of Hurley, Wis., was on the 17th sentenced to pay

a fine of \$100 and costs, in all \$3,138. A FIRE at West Fairfield, Pa., on the 77th destroyed Kipple's flour mill, the Grangers' hall and other property, entailing a loss of \$40,000.

THE main part of the dye house of the Palmer mill of the Otis Company at Three Rivers, Mass., was destroyed by fire on the 17th. Elijah Frame and Joseph Babcock, employes, were burned to death.

SUPREME TREASUSER KRAUSS, of the Patrons of Industry, at Port Huron, Mich., is \$1,400 short in his accounts. He admits the fact, and says he used the money in establishing the organ of the order.

AT New Castle, Pa., Mrs. McGinty, who was convicted of having solicited Samuel Kissenger, an ex-penitentiary convict, to murder W. S. Foltz, president of the First National Bank of that city, was on the 19th sentenced to twenty months in the penitentiary. She refused to divulge the name of the man who hired her to arrange for the murder,

THE President has granted a pardon in the case of John McKee, convicted in Ohio of violating section 5,200, revised statutes, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. The pardon is granted because of the precarious state of the convict's health.

GENERAL LEE's birthday was celebrated throughout Virginia on the 19th by a general suspension of business, processions, speeches and banquets. In Richmond the Confederate flag was displayed in addition to other bunting.

THE Treasury Department decides that goods from foreign countries-after March 1 next-should bear the name of the country of origin, whether shipped on through bills of lading or via other countries.

A PASSENGER train on the Rio Grande railroad between Brownsville, Tex., and Point Isabel was derailed on the 19th by fifteen masked men, who held up the passengers and got away with about \$20,000 in Mexican money which was en route to Brazos for shipment to New

Orleans. THE House Committee on the Improvement of the Mississippi River has parts of the continent. agreed toon a bill for its im by a system of levees. The xtend 'e d' vito e on

will reco. mend that he a for the improvement be . ereas i. to \$10,0 0,000.

In the criminal court at Washington on the 19th the case of Charles E. Kinkaid, indicted for the murder of ex-Representative Taulbee, of Kentucky, at the Capitol last fall, was set for trial on the 16th day of March next.

A BILL has been introduced in the Tennessee Senate authorizing an appropriation of \$250,000 with which Tennessee shall display her resources at the Columbian Exposition at Chicago in

AUGUSTUS P. DUNLOP, publisher of "Dunlop's Stage News." was arrested at New York on the 19th in a libel suit for \$10,000 damages brought by Harrison Fiske, proprietor of the Dramatic Mirror. Bail was fixed at \$20,000. The alleged libel consisted in a statement that the Mirror was about to suspend publication.

THE United States Supreme Court on the 19th rendered a decision in the habeas corpus case of William Rebman, of Norfolk, Va., in what is known as the dressed beef case, involving the constitutionality of the Virginia law which requires meats not slaughtered 100 miles or more from the place offered for sale, to be inspected. The court decided that the State law is unconstitutional.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

JOHN W. ROOT, consulting architect of the world's fair, died at Chicago on the 15th of pneumonia, after a brief illness. He was thirty-eight years old. GENERAL S. V. BENET, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, War Department, has been placed on the retired list of the army, after services in the army extending over a period of forty-six years.

MR. MORGAN has introduced a concurrent resolution in the United States Senate condemning the action of Great Britain in bringing the Behring Sea controversy before the Supreme Court.

W. H. Dills, one of the leading Democratic politicians of Northern Indiana, died on the 15th at his home at Auburn. Ind., of heart disease.

DR. SAMUEL G. DIXON, of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences. in view of the reports cabled from abroad regarding the Koch lymph, once more puts forth his claim to a prior discovery of a tuberculosis lymph.

SENATOR SPOONER, of Wisconsin, Is said to have declined an offer of \$25,000 a year to locate in Chicago and become solicitor general of the Chicago & Milwankee rallroad, after his retirement from the Senate. He will remain at Milwaukee and devote himself almost exclusively to corporation business.

MRF. ELLA F. BROMAN, of New York, has been commissioned by Attorney General Miller notary public for the District of Columbia, an appointment made by President Harrison. She is the first woman ever appointed to this

By a vote of 14 to 13 the Nebraska Senate on the 17th passed a resolution recognizing James E. Boyd as Governor without prejudice to Powers' contest.

LEWIS SANDERS, the oldest citizen of Limestone County, Tenn., died on the 17th at the age of ninety-nine years. He was a soldier in the war of 1812 and was with General Jackson at the battle of New Orleans.

GOVERNOR-ELECT JOHN P. BUCHANAN vas on the 19th inaugurated Governor of Tennessee. Mr. Buchanan was formerly president of the State Alliance, but was elected to his present office on a Democratic platform.

GOVERNOR BULKLEY, of Connecticut, has issued a proclamation warning the Democratic State candidates from attempting to take offices for which they have not been duly qualified and commanding all citizens to refuse to recog-

Francisco says that King Kalakaua, of the Hawaiian Islands, is lying at the Wis.) banker, convicted of receiving point of death in the Palace hotel in that city, a victim of Bright's disease and urameia.

CHARLES T. CONGDON, a well known newspaper man, author, poet and magazine writer, died at New York City a few days ago, in his sixty-ninth year.

FOREIGN.

THREE shocks of earthquake occurred on the 15th at Paral in the State of Chihuahua. The gallery of the Convent of the Sacred Heart gave way, kill-

ing six persons and wounding nine. THE official census of St. Petersburg, just completed, gives the population of the city as 956,220, an increase of 95,000 during the past decade.

OFFICIAL reports show that 800 Russians were transported to Siberia during 1890. It is known, however, that the number was actually greater.

An immense union of farm laborers in England is being formed, with a programme resembling in some points that of the Irish League.

Ar Berlin a cabinet maker was recently sent as a delegate from a number of fellow workmen to warn their employers that they would go on strike unless their wages were increased. He was arrested and tried on a charge of attempting to extort money by threats and sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Four men were recently arrested in Moseow charged with being implicated in frauds in connection with the Agricultural bank by which 4,000,000 roubles was stolen from a large number of small former depositors. All were found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment in the mines of Siberia.

FURTHER details of the destruction wrought by the severe earthquake in Algeria, reported on the 15th, have been received. The towns of Gourava and Villeburg were practically destroyed by the shocks, and forty persons were killed by the falling of walls. The amount of damage done to property is estimated at £25,000.

THE weather throughout nearly the whole of Europe is the most rigorous experienced for thirty years. Many people have been frozen to death, and ice and snow has impeded railway traffic and blocked river navigation in many

ent A Zanzman dispatch received to Bermann has suddenly ... ve 'oped signs

LATER.

AT Boston, Thomas County, Ga., on the 19th, while Richard Lane and wife were at church, their house was burned and their four children perished. They had been locked in the house by their

KING KALAHAUA, of the Hawaiian Islands, died at San Francisco on the 20th. He had been ill for some time and his death was not unexpected. The remains will be conveyed to Hawaii by the United States cruiser Charleston.

ALL contested elections in the Illinois General Assembly have been declared off as the result of a compromise. Democrats will endeavor to make voting constant until one side or the other gives in.

By a collision on the Lehigh Valley railroad, at Athens, Pa., on the 20th Preston Sherwood, brakeman, was killed, and Engineer Charles Burroughs and Fireman Joseph Repp were badly injured.

CHARLES LABELLE, the notorious smuggler of opium from Canada into the United States, pleaded guilty in the United States District at Indianapolis on the 20th. Judge Woods sentenced him to eighteen months in the Michigan City penitentiary and fined him \$100.

In the Senate on the 20th, all morning business being disposed of Mr. Aldrich asked for the consideration of his resolution for a change in the rules. Mr. Harris raised a point of order. arguing that the notice given for a change was not sufficiently specific. The question was d s-cussed until two o'clock, when the Elections bill was laid before the Senate and Mr. George, who had the foor, declined to yield to anybody and continued his speech against the bill until adjournment....In the House, after the reading of the journal, the Speaker having stated the question to be on the approval of the journal and having counted and stated the affirma-tive vote. Mr. Mills asked whether the proper question was not on approving the previous question was not on approving the previous question. This inquiry was based on the fact that when the clerk had finished reading the first part of the journal, Mr. McKinley demarded the previous question. The Speaker in response stated this fact, but said that the demand had not been renewed after the reading of the completed journal. Mr. KcKin, ley corroborated the statement of the Speaker. Mr. Mil s said he desired to debate the question of approval of the journal, but the Speaker declined to recognize him. The storm then tion of approval of the journal, but the Speaker declined to recognize him. The storm then burst. Mr. Mills strode down the aisle and shaking his fist at the Speaker vigorously denounced him. A scene of turbulence and chaos ensued, and a personal rupture between gentlemen on the opposing sides seemed imminent. The Sergeat-tat Arms was called upon, who finally induced Mr. Mills to take his seat and the storm subsided. The journal was approved—yeas 144. subsided. The journal was approved—yeas 144 nays 104. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the District of Columbia Ap. propriation bill, and in the debate which fol-lowed the E ections bill was brought to the fore. No action was reached on the Appropria-tion bill when the committee rose and the House adjourned.

OHIO LEGLISATURE.

Proceedings of the Sixty-Ninth General As-

Proceedings of the Sixty-Ninth General Assembly—Adjourned Session.

Columbus, Jan. 13.—Senate—The following bills were introduced: To make it unlawful for the Council of any village of the first or second grade to issue bonds in excess of ten dollars per capita for any one purpose: to amend Section 7016 of the Revised Statutes so that the common pleas judge of each county at the first saturan term each year shall appoint five residents of the county, three of whom are women, as a board of visitors to inspect all charitable institutions of the county. This amendment makes it mandatory on the judge to appoint the board There being no quorum present, all bills on the calendar for third reading, were informally passed and the following bills were introduced: To amend Section 4185, providing "that mortgages given to secure promissory notes, bills or coupon bonds, having more than one year to run before maturity, shall not be required to be refiled until the maturity of the principal secured, but such mortgage shall be refiled within thirty days after the maturity of said principal; to amend Section 60% so as to give justices of the peace final jurisdiction in cases of trespass and where the game laws of the State are violated. Adjourned.

House—The House took up consideration of the State are violated, Adjourned.

said principal; to amend Section 999 so as to give instices of the peace final jurisdiction in cases of trespass and where the game laws of the State are violated. Adjourned.

House—The House took up consideration of bills on the calendar for third reading, the first being one by Mr. McDermott amending Section 6385 by "providing that no minor under the age of fourteen years shall be employed in any fue tory, workshop or establishment wherein the manufacture of goods of any kind is carried on." The author made a speech in favor of the bill, urging that the present law, which permits the boys and girs to work at twelve years, was detrimental to health and retarded the mental attainments. Mr. McKelvey followed and urged that by being permitted to work at the age of twelve they were enabled to earn a living for themselves. Mr. Stever, of Wood, took a similar view of the question while Mr. McGrew of Clark insisted that the bill, and Mr. Dresbach in o position. Mr. Belville then offered an amendment providing that youths under the age designated shall not be employed, "except it be necessary for self support." The debate was continued at length, Mr. Belville supporting his proposition, while Mr. McGrew was continued at length, Mr. Belville supporting his proposition, while Mr. MoDermott fought the rider in an exhaustive argument. Messrs. Hodge, of Cuyahoga, and Mr. Martin, of Madison, spoke in opposition to the measure. Mr. Belville s amendment was rejected. Speaker Hysell made a strong argument in favor of the bill, urging in answer to those who feared that to pass the bill would lead the boys into indolent habits, that it would be unwise to make tramps out of the fathers to protect the youth, who should spend their time in school. Mr. Strock offered an amendment making the provision with regard to age apply to miners, and after further debate the amendment was adopted and the vote ordered on the bill. It was defeated—yeas 50, mays 41. The vote by which the bill was lost was reconsidered on motion of Mr. Hysell and

Twenty-first O. V. L. was passed. Adjourned.
COLUMBUS, Jan. 14.—Searts—The following bills were passed: To provide for the ressue of lost or destroyed certificates of stock in corporations and to give them the same legality as the original certificates; to appropriate \$50,000 to pay the expenses of the General Assembly; to supplement Section \$23 of the Revised Statutes relating to personal violence, so as to make a wite a competent witness against the husband and to prevent parents from enastising their children when funder the influence.

the ausband and to prevent parents from chastising their children when under the influence of intoxicating liquor; to authorize the Council of Olmstead Falls. Cuyahoga County, to submit the question of issuing bonds for sinking—alls for natural gas to the voters of that village; to authorize the commissioners of Trumbull Counto transfer certain funds. The following bills were introduced: To annul the present law so as to exempt farm products from taxation for the very after they are produced, the same as manufactured articles are now exem to change the time of holding court in Van Wert and Aughaize counties so that the term begins one month earlier; to authorize the sale of coal or fire clay by a guardian of an idiot, imbecile or lunatic when needed for the support of the ward or his family or for the payment of his debts; to amend the present parole law so that no prisoner can be paroled unless his application for parole is signed by the judge who presided at his trial; to provide for the appointment by the State Canal Commission of a competent person to make a record of all lands belonging to the State, the same to be filed in the office of the commission and to be recorded in the several counties where the land is located, the same as other lands. The compensation paid such person shall not exceed to per day; to pay to the daughters of the late Sonator Robertson \$600, his salary for the present session; to regulate the width of tire to be used on warons carrying certain loads; to virovide that insurance companies other than the doing business in this State can withdraw their deposits from the office of the Superintendent of Insurance when their lia! titles have been paid and their policies have a . Ired; to amend the present seed of from eight to aw per ce t, and that the best independent of Insurance when their lia! titles have been paid and their policies have a . Ired; to amend the present section so to offense are to file sworn detailed statements with the county defined statements with the county define

proper committees. Mr. Koons' appointment was confirmed. Adjourned.

House—The day was mostly consumed in debate on unimportant bills. Mr. McMaisen's bill authorizing city and village councils, with the approval of the sinking fund commiss on or mayor, in the absence of a commission, to transfer money from one fund to another without an act of the General Assembly was passed, and a long debate as to the constitutionality of the measure ensued on a motion by Mr. Price to reconsider. The motion to reconsider was lost, and the bill now goes to the Senate for concurence. Bills passed: Amencing Section 579 so as to authorize county boards of equalization to increase or decrease the valuation of oil and gas lands: amending Section 668 so as to allow probate judges to make an order authorizing administrators or executors to receive in cash, instead of on payments, full amount for sale of property when purchaser desires to pay cash.

COLUMBUS. Jan. 15.—Scente—The Senate,

COLUMBUS. Jan. 15.—Senate — The Senate passed a number of local bills. Among the bill introduced the most important was one to amend Section 2759 of the Revised Statutes as introduced the most important was one to amend Section 27:9 of the Revised Statutes so as to make it conform with the recent decision of the Supreme Court so that banks shill be compelled to pay texes on all monies on hand without deducting their liabilities. Adjourned.

House—A long discussion ensued to day on Mr. Benfér's bill, which seeks to amend sections \$179 and \$181, making the legal rate of interest five per cent. on book accounts, and six per cent. on contract The bill was defeated last winter, afterward reconsidered and placed on to day's calendar. The author made a strong fight to have the bill placed as a special order for next Tuesday. This was defeated and Mr. Benfer offered an amendment, which left the provisions of the bill so as to make the legal rate of interest six per cent, without distinction between contracts and accounts. The amendment was disagreed to and then Mr. Benfer made a lengthy argument in favor of its passage, going over the ground of accumulated wealth, and maintaired that a reduction in the interest account would tend to stop the creation of millionairs. Mr. Criterfield made a strong argumens in favor of the bill, while Mr. Geyer opposed it; the argument used in opposition was that where the security was undoubted money could be secured for six per cent. or even less and worn a rate above the amount was charged it could be attributed 6 the

risk takes by the lender. The discussion was continued at great length, and another amendment offered by Mr. Cutter, making the contract legal rate seven and account rate six. This was also defeated, and a vote taken on the bill, resulting in its defeat by a vote of \$\frac{6}{2}\$ yeas to \$\frac{3}{2}\$ mays. Mr. Henfer's bill to provide for a uniform valuation of railroad property for taxation, and wiping out all distinctions between main line and branches was defeated. The House passed Mr. Reiter's bill amending Section \$\frac{5}{2}\$ of the Revised Statutes, by striking out the clause requiring probate judges to make record of cost bills. During the debate it was developed that in a number of counties the law was not complied with, and the strong point urged in favor of the passage of the bill was the saving it would result in to estates, since judges are prohibited from charging fees for this work. Mr. Taylor, of Champalito, attempted to get in an amendment compelling probute courts to keep a record of the fees due witnesses, for public inspection. This was lost, and after the adoption of an amendment offered by Mr. Pudney, excepting from the provisions of the bill all counties where salaries are paid to probate judges, it was passed. It affects all counties in the State except Cuvahoga, Lucas and Hamilton, where salaries are paid. Hills passed: Authorizing the Superior Court of Cincinnati to select a non-partisan jury commission, to be composed of four freeholders. Mr. Price offered a joint resolution authorizing the appointment of a committee of four—two Republicans and two Democrats—to investigate the management of Warden Dyer. The committee is also empowered to inquire into the management under former administrations, if deemed advisable by them, and are empowered to send for persons and papers and instructed to report their findings to the General Assembly without unnecessary delay.

Columbus, Jan. 16.—Strate—The following bills were introduced: To repeal an act passed last winter providing for an institu

the law, shall be fined not exceeding \$1,000 or imprisoned not exceeding twelve months, or both.

House—Mr. Pennell introduced an important bill in the House to-day It provides for a school book commission of six, consisting of the Governor, the State School Commissioner and four other persons, two to be appointed by the Governor and two by the State School Commissioner, to be of opposite po inical parties. They shall meet in ninety days after the passage of the act and organize. They shall procure sumples of all books in the common branches now in use in the State and shall ascertain the wholes le prices of such books. From such prices they shall fix a maximum price to be paid by the commission. They are to receive bids for supplying such books. After the price has been fixed and contract made for them by the commission, each board of education of the State is notified and shall order books direct from the publishers. But nothing in the act prohibits local dealers from handling such books provided, they shall not be sold above the maximum price fixed by the commission. Other bills introduced: Amending Section 731 so as to authorize common pleas courts to suspend sentence in criminal cases after a case has been through the Circuit Court and penning appeal to the Supreme Court; authorizing the commissioners of Butler County to levy a tax of \$1,000 to build bridges; disqualifying from holding office any prosecuting attories who violate the provisions of the act prohibiting them from contracting to pay out more money than is appropriated for the epartment under their charge; appropriating \$25,000 for the purpose of erecting an Ohio cottage at the National Woman's Relief Corps Home at Madison Lake County; to reduce the salary of the Governor from \$8,000 to \$6,00 and all other State officers, except Auditor, Treasurer and Secretary of State \$500 each; providing that all vessels containing we same sto be branded, giving the character of wine contained; to compel to annual drawing of lurors; providing that all vessels ing the character of whe contained; to compen telegraph operators, working railroad wires, to send commercial messages from any station without delay or alteration, in case of railroad accidents delaying passengers, and to prohibit the employment of a drunken railroad locomo-tive engineer. Adjourned until Monday.

the employment of a drunken railroad locomotive engineer. Adjourned until Monday.

Columbus, Jan. 19.—Seale—A bill amending the present election has of the State was introduced in the Senate by Mr. Shaw. It provides the secrecy aforded by the Australian system and at the same time has the simplicity of the system now in force. There are to be county boards of four members, appointed by the probate judge upon the recommendation of the committees of the two leading political parties. The Governor is to appoint a State non partisan board of elections consisting of four members who are to have supervision over the county boards. In any county in which there is a city now having an election board, the jurisdiction of the board is extended over the county. It provides for registration in cities having a population of 10,000 but it makes no change in the present law in cities of from 10,000 to 50,000. It provides for an official ballot. The ballot of each party is to be printed on separate tlokets, which are to have an insignia at the top. This same insignia of the party is to be placed on the booths of the respective parties, so that any litterate voter who desires to vote a straight booths of the respective parties, so that any different voter who desires to vote a straight ticket can be sure he has the one he wants. It also provides that illiterate voters may sail in an official to assist them in proparing the relation to the sair to do so. Mr. Schneider introduced a bill to abellish the office of City Composite in Cincinnati and to provide for a City Auditor, to be appointed by the mayor, to serve till the next municipal election. This is aimed at E. Stephens, the present comptroller. Adjourned.

at E. Stephens, the present comptroller. Adjourned.

House—The House convened at four p. m. and it required over an hours time to read the journal, a recess having been taken each afternoon last week, leaving the proceedings of the entire week to be read. A number of petitions and memorials were presented and several bills introduced. Mr. Geyer introduced a bill which amends the present law relating to the recording of mortgages and their release and assignment. It amends Section 4135 of the Revised St tutes by providing that before any mortgage shall be recorded it shall have indorsed on it the words "entered for taxation" and be signed by the county auditor. If two mortgages are presented for record on the same day which are properly indorsed by the auditor—as above provided—they shall take effect in the order in which they are presented. It amends Section properly indorsed by the auditor—as above provided—they shall take effect in the order in which they are presented. It amends Section 4135 of the Revised Statutes by providing that no assignment or release shall be permitted to be placed on the margin of the record until the auditor certifies that the same has been entered for taxation. The assignment must be accompacied by a certificate from the auditor that the same has been entered for taxation, and such assignment shall date from date of record. Billis introduced: Fixing salary of members of boards of education at 21 for each regular meeting attended; authorizing Council of Orrville to issue 25,000 in bonds to encourage location of manufacturing establishments; providing for taxation of rolling stock owned by companies doing business in Ohio but organized under laws of other States, such as parior cars, chair cars, sleeping cars, passenger and freight cars.

ears, sleeping cars, passenger and freight cars. AN ILL-TIMED CRIME.

The Murder of a Chief by Whites Causes a Big Commotion Among the Sioux. PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Jan 20 .-When the treacherous whites in Bear Butte County wantonly murdered Old Few Tails last week and wounded his squaw they committed an outrage that came near ruining General Miles' plans and stampeding 5,000 hostiles who are in camp here. Few Tails was a relaof Young-Man-Afraid - of - His-Horses, the only hereditary chief in the Sioux nation and the most powerful leader among his people. Few Tails' wounded squaw arrived here Sunday and almost instantly there was a commotion in the hostile camp.

The scouts reported the situation to General Miles, who immediately seat runners after Young Man. When that chief appeared and learned of the ingratitude of the whites for the heroic work he had been doing in their behalf he refused to be pacified and it took all the diplomacy at the command of General Miles to finally win back the good will of the outraged chief. The situation has become so complicated that the quartermaster has ordered twenty days' additional rations, and the troops that were expected to come to the agency for a grand review have been ordered to re-main in camp. The order for rations is as heavy as any that has been issued since the war began.

A peculiar fact with reference to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is, that, unlike sarsaparillas and other blood medicines, which are said to be good for the blood in March, April and May, the "Discovery" works equally well all the year round, and in all cases of blood-taints or humors, no matter what their name or nature.

It's the cheapest bloodpurifier sold through druggists.

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"Golden Medical Discovery" is a concentrated vegetable extract, put up in large bottles; contains no alcohol to inebriate, no syrup or sugar to derange digestion; is pleasant to the taste, and equally good for adults or children.

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schee's German Syrup the favorite

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A SERIOUS MISTAKE. Much mischief is done in the treatment of constipation. The common opinion is that all requirements are fulfilled if the medicine forces unloading of the bowels. A great stror. Medicine simply purgative, corrects no morbid condition, consequently their use is followed by greater cestiveness. A remedy, to be effectual and permanent, must be composed of tonic, alterative, corrective and carthartic properties. These are admirably combined in Dr. Tutt's Liver Fills. They will, in a short time, cure all the sufferings that result from inactive bowels. They give tone to the intestines, stimulate the secretions, and correct imperfect functional action of the stomach and liver.

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Patents-Pensions-Claims. PATRICK O'FARRELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW,